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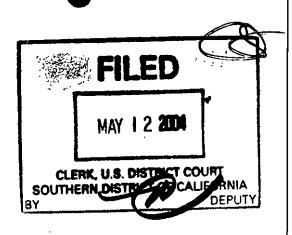
3:04-CV-00983 AMBAOSIO V. PATEL

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CMP.

LAW OFFICES OF ROY L. LANDERS
ROY L. LANDERS (BAR #64920)
LaTOYA S. REDD (BAR # 218342)
7840 MISSION CENTER COURT, SUITE 101
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92108
TELEPHONE (619) 296-7898
FACSIMILE (619) 296-5611

Attorney for Plaintiff, Faustino Ambaosio



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

FAUSTINO AMBAOSIO,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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MAYANK PATEL, dba ECONOMY INN; NILAY PATEL; SHEFALI PATEL; ALFRED GOYCOCHEA; PAULETTE GOYCOCHEA AND DOES 1-10, INCLUSIVE

Defendants.

Case No.: '04 CV 0 0 9 8 3 DMS (JF\$)

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES RE: VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS ON BASIS OF DISCRIMINATION IN PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS; NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS; INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS; DECLARATORY RELIEF; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

I

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. (a) Jurisdiction of this action is invoked on the basis of 28 USC 1331 and 1343,42 USC 12101-12102, 12181-12183 and 12201, et. seq., which is applicable to causes of action where persons with disabilities have been denied their civil rights. Venue in the Southern Judicial District of California in the United States District Court is in accord with 28. U.S.C. Section 1391(b) because a substantial part of Plaintiff's claims arose within the Judicial District of the United States District Court of the Southern District of California.

(b) <u>Supplemental Jurisdiction</u>. The Judicial District of the United States District Court of the Southern District of California has supplemental jurisdiction over the state claims alleged in this Complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1367(a). Supplemental jurisdiction is appropriate in this

Complaint for Damages re: Violation of Civil Rights
Page 1 of 13

action on the basis that all the causes of action or claims derived from federal law and those arising under state law, as herein alleged, arose from a common nucleus of operative facts. The common nucleus of operative facts, include, but are not limited to, the incidents whereby Plaintiff was denied full and equal access to Defendant's facilities, goods, and/or services in violation of both federal and state laws when Plaintiff attempted to enter, use, and/or exit Defendant's facilities as described within this Complaint. Further, due to this denial of full and equal access, Plaintiff and other person's with disabilities were injured. Based upon such allegations, the state actions, as stated herein, are so related to the federal actions that they form part of the same case or controversy, and the actions would ordinarily be expected to be tried in one judicial proceeding.

II

PARTIES

- 2. Defendant, Mayank Patel, dba Economy Inn was and at all times herein mentioned, was a duly organized business, association, or corporation duly authorized to exist and operate within the State of California and County of San Diego and the owner, lessee, or tenant of the premises located at 230 Via De San Ysidro, California.
- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that defendants Mayank Patel, Nilay Patel, Shefali Patel, Alfred Goycohcea and Paulette Goycochea are the owners and/or landlords of the subject property upon which Defendants' business is sited.
- 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the named defendants herein operate a business and or/facility of public accommodation as defined and described within 42 USC 12181(7)(A) of the American with Disabilities Act [ADA] and, as such, must comply with the ADA under provisions of Title III therein.
- 5. Plaintiff is ignorant of the Defendants sued as Does 1-10 herein, and therefore sues them in their fictitious names as Doe Defendants. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Does 1-10 are the owners, operators, lessees or tenants of the subject property and each of the Doe Defendants at all times herein were acting as the agent and or representative of each other and, thereby, are responsible in some manner for the injuries and damages complained of herein.

1 Plaintiff will seek leave of the court to amend this complaint to name Doe Defendants when the 2 same is ascertained. 3 Ш 4 GENERAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS 5 Plaintiff is a male who is disabled and confined to a wheelchair. He has no control over his 6 lower extremities and must use a wheelchair to transport himself and to affect the basic necessities 7 of his everyday existence. Plaintiff's disability substantially limits one or more of life's major 8 activities and therefore he is disabled as defined under section 42 USC 12102(2)(A)(B)(C). 9 7. On or about April 9, 2004 Plaintiff patronized the premises of Defendants to utilize goods and/or 10 services offered by Defendants. When Plaintiff attempted to gain access to the goods and/or 11 services offered by Defendants he encountered access barriers because the premises failed to 12 comply with federal ADA Access Guidelines For Building and Facilities [hereinafter "ADAAG"]; 13 Department of Justice [DOJ] regulations at 28 CFR. 36.201; 36.304 and/or the State of California's 14 Title 24 Building Code Requirements. 15 8. The specific difficulty Plaintiff had in entering and utilizing Defendants' facility and which 16 amount to a violation of ADAAG, DOJ regulations and Title 24 of the California Building Code 17 are: 18 **TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLATIONS (45)** 19 Site Entrance Signage (Does Not Exist) (CA Title 24 1129B.5) 20 Site Entrance Signage (Not Filled Out - Reclaim at:) 21 (CA Title 24 1129B.5) 22 Site Entrance Signage (Not Filled Out – Telephone number:) 23 (CA Title 24 1129B.5) 24 Site Entrance Signage (Size not less than 17" x 22") 25 (CA Title 24 1129B.5) 26 Site Entrance Signage (Lettering not less than 1" in Height) (CA Title 24 1129B.5) 27 28 Site Entrance Signage (Warning Information) (CA Title 24 1129B.5)

1	1	
2	1	Designated Disabled "VAN ACCESSIBLE" Parking - Space (ADAAG 4.1.2(5)(b) & CA Title 24 1129.B.4.2)
3 4	1	Designated Disabled "VAN ACCESSIBLE" Parking Space - Width (ADAAG 4.1.2(5)(b) & CA Title 24 1129.B.4.2)
5	1	Designated Disabled "VAN ACCESSIBLE" Parking Space - Length (ADAAG 4.1.2(5)(b) & CA Title 24 1129.B.4.2)
7 8	1	Designated Disabled "VAN ACCESSIBLE" Parking Space - Signage (ADAAG 4.1.2(5)(b) & CA Title 24 1129.B.4.2)
9	2	Warning – Access Aisle - (NO PARKING) (CA Title 24 1129B.4.1 & 2)
10	2	Warning – Access Aisle - (12" High Minimum) (CA Title 24 1129B.4.1 & 2)
12	1	Van Accessible Aisle – Exist/Improper (ADAAG 4.6.3 & CA Title 24 1129B.4.2)
14 15	1	Van Accessible Aisle - Width (ADAAG 4.6.3 & CA Title 24 1129B.4.2)
16 17	1	Van Accessible Aisle - Length (ADAAG 4.6.3 & CA Title 24 1129B.4.2)
18 19	1	Van Accessible Aisle - (Passenger Side) (ADAAG 4.6.3 & CA Title 24 1129B.4.2)
20	1	Additional Signage - (Van Accessible) (ADAAG 4.6.4 & CA Title 24 1129B.5
21	1	Entrance – Signage at Every Entrance/Exit, Accessibility (ADAAG 4.1.3(16)(b) & CA Title 24 1127B.3)
23	2	Faucet Fixtures - (One Hand Operable) (ADAAG 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1508.1 & .2)
25 26	2	Faucets Fixtures - (Max 5 lb Force to Activate) (ADAAG 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1508.1 & .2)
27 28	2	Faucets Fixtures - (Lever-Type) (ADAAG 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1508.1 & .2)

2	1	1 Bathing Facilities – Seat in Tub Clear Floor Space 30" x 60" Parallel Approacl (ADA 4.20.2 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.1)			
3	1	Bathing Facilities – Seat in Tub Clear Floor Space 48" x 60" Perpendicular			
4	Appro	acn (ADA 4.20.2 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.1)			
5 6	Bathing Facilities – Seat at Head of Tub 30" x75" Parallel Approach				
7	(CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.2) Bathing Facilities – Seat in 1db 15 Willimit Width (CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.2) Bathing Facilities – Grab Bar Structural Strength 250lbf load (ADA 4.26.3 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.2 & 1115B.8.3.1-4)				
9 10					
11	1	Bathing Facilities – Grab Bar – Control Side of Tub 24", starting at Edge of Tub (ADA 4.20.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.3)			
12	1	Bathing Facilities – Side of Tub has Two grab Bars 24" Long, 9 & 33" –36" above			
14	Floor	(ADA 4.20.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.3)			
15 16	1 Tub	Grab Bars Location with Seat at Head of Tub Bathing Facilities – Side of Tub has Two grab Bars 48" Long, 9" & 33" –36" above			
17	lub	(ADA 4.20.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.3)			
18 1 Bathing Facilities – Side of Tub has One grab Bars 48" (ADA 4.20.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.3)		Bathing Facilities – Side of Tub has One grab Bars 48" Long, 33" – 36" above Tub (ADA 4.20.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.3)			
20 21	1	Controls Controls - Operable with One Hand (ADA 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.4)			
22	1	Controls – Operable with 5lb Force Max (ADA 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.4)			
24 25	Controls – Located on the Foot Wall Below Grab bar (ADA 4.20.5 & CA Title 24 1115B.6.1.4)				
26 27	1	Fully accessible rooms are provided in the number required. (ADAAG 9.1.2 & CA Title 24 1111B.4.2)			
28	1 Accessible unit(s), sleeping room(s) or suite(s) are on an accessible route (ADAAG 9.2.2 & CA Title 24 1111B.2)				

1 At least one bathtub or shower in each accessible sleeping room or suite is accessible.

(ADAAG 9.2.2 (6)(e) & CA Title 24 1111B.4.6.6)

- Ridged Pool Seat (CA Title 24 1104B.4.3.4.1.2)
- Pool Seat with Two Armrests
 (CA Title 24 1104B.4.3.4.1.3)
- Pool Seat Capable of Unassisted Operation (CA Title 24 1104B.4.3.4.2)
- 9. Based upon the above facts, Plaintiff as been discriminated against and will continue to be discriminated against unless and until Defendants are enjoined and forced to cease and desist from continuing to discriminate against Plaintiff and others similarly situated.
- 10. Pursuant to Federal [ADA], Title 28 CFR 36.201; 36.203; 36.304; 36.305 and state law [California Title 24], Defendants are required to remove barriers to their existing facilities. Defendants have been put on notice pursuant to the ADA and California Civil Codes [51,52] prior to the statutory effect of the ADA on January 26, 1992 that Defendants and each of them had a duty to remove barriers to persons with disabilities such as plaintiff. Defendants also knew or should have known that individuals such as Plaintiff with a disability are not required to give notice to a governmental agency prior to filing suit alleging Defendants' failure to remove architectural barriers.
- 11. Plaintiff believes and thereon allege that Defendants' facilities, as described herein, have other access violations not directly experienced by Plaintiff, which preclude or limit access by others with disabilities, including, but not limited to, Space Allowances, Reach Ranges, Accessible Routes, Protruding Objects, Ground and Floor Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps, Ramps, Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair Lifts), Windows, Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains, and Water Coolers, Water Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and Mirrors, Sinks, Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, Telephones, Controls and Operating Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings and Signage. Accordingly, Plaintiff alleges Defendants are required to remove all architectural barriers, known or unknown. Also, Plaintiff alleges Defendants are

required to utilize the ADA checklist for Readily Achievable Barrier Removal approved by the United States Department of Justice and created by Adaptive Environments.

12. Plaintiff desires to return to Defendants' places of business and utilize their facilities without being discriminated against in the immediate future.

IV

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Civil Rights-American With Disabilities Act)

13. Plaintiff realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 12 as though set forth fully herein.

Claim 1: Denial of Full and Equal Access

- 14. Based on the facts asserted above Plaintiff has been denied full and equal access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations. Defendant business is a public accommodation owned, leased and/or operated by Defendants and each of them. Defendants' existing facilities and/or services failed to provide full and equal access to Defendants' facility as required by 42 U.S.C. section 12182(a). Thus, Plaintiff was subjected to discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii)(iv) and 42 U.S.C. section 12188 because Plaintiff was denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities.
- 15. Plaintiff has a physical impairment as alleged herein because his condition affects one or more of the following body systems: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, and/or cardiovascular. Further, his physical impairments substantially limits one or more of the following major life activities: [walking]. In addition, Plaintiff cannot perform one or more of the said major life activities in the manner speed, and duration when compared to the average person. Moreover, Plaintiff has a history of or has been classified as having a physical impairment as required by 42 U.S.C. section 12102(2)(A).

Claim 2: Failure To Remove Architectural Barriers

16. Based upon the facts alleged herein, Plaintiff was denied full and equal access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations within a public accommodation owned leased, and/or operated by the named Defendants. Defendants individually and collectively failed to remove barriers as required by 42 U.S.C. 12182(a) and 28 CFR 36.304.

Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thus alleges that architectural barriers which are structural in nature exist at the following physical elements of Defendants' facilities:

Space Allowance and Reach Ranges, Accessible Route, Protruding Objects, Ground and Floor Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps, Ramps, Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair Lifts), Windows, Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers, Water Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and Mirrors, Sinks, Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, and Controls and Operating Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings, Signage, and Telephones. Pursuant to 42 USC section 12182(b)(2)(iv) and 28 CFR 36.304 Title III requires places of public accommodation to remove architectural barriers that are structural in nature within existing facilities. Failure to remove such barriers and disparate treatment against a person who has a known association with a person with a disability are forms of prohibited discrimination. Accordingly, Plaintiff was subjected to discrimination in violation of 42 USC 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 USC 12182 (b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 USC 12188.

Claim 3: Failure To Modify Practices, Policies And Procedures

17. Based on the facts alleged in this Complaint Defendants failed and refused to provide a reasonable alternative by modifying its practices, policies and procedures in that they failed to have a scheme, plan, or design to assist Plaintiff and/or others similarly situated in entering and utilizing Defendants' services, as required by 42 U.S.C. section 12188(a). Thus, Plaintiff was subjected to discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. section 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv); 28 CFR 36.302 and 42 U.S.C. section 12188 because Plaintiff was denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities.

- 18. As a result of the wrongful and discriminatory practices of defendants, plaintiff has suffered actual damages consisting of special damages and general damages in an amount to be determined at time of trial herein.
- 19. Pursuant to the provisions of 42 USC 12188 plaintiff seeks injunctive relief and an order directing defendants to cease and desist from discriminating against plaintiff and others similarly situated and for an order that defendants comply with the Americans With Disabilities Act forthwith.

20. Under the provisions of 42 USC 12205 plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonably attorneys fees and requests that the court grant such fees as are appropriate.

VI

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation Of Civil Rights Under California Accessibility Laws)

21. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the First Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.

(a) Denial Of Full And Equal Access

22. Plaintiff has been denied full and equal access to Defendants' goods services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations within a public accommodation owned, leased, and/or operated by Defendants in violation of California Civil Code Sections 54 and 54.1 and California Health and Safety Code Section 19955. The actions of Defendants also violate the provisions of Title 24 of the State of California Building Codes with regard to accessibility for persons with disabilities by failing to provide access to Defendants facilities due to violations pertaining to accessible routes, ground and floor surfaces, parking and passenger loading zones, curb ramps, ramps, stairs, elevators, platform lifts (wheelchair lifts), windows, doors, toilet stalls, urinals, lavatories and mirrors, sinks, storage; handrails, grab bars, controls and operating mechanisms alarms, detectable warnings, signage and telephones.

23. On the above basis Plaintiff has been wrongfully discriminated against.

(b) Failure To Modify Practices, Policies And Procedures

24. Defendants have failed and refused and continue to fail and refuse to provide a reasonable alternative to allow plaintiff equal access to their facility by modifying their practices, policies, and procedures in that that they failed to have s scheme, plan, or design to assist Plaintiff and others similarly situated in entering and utilizing Defendants' goods or services as required by California Civil Code section 54 and 54.1. Accordingly Defendants have wrongfully discriminated against Plaintiff.

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VII

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of The Unruh Civil Rights Act)

- 25. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the Second Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.
- 26. Section 51(b) of the Cal. Civ. Code [The Unruh Civil Rights Act], provides in pertinent part:

"All persons within the jurisdiction of this state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, or medical condition is entitled to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever."

- 27. Defendants have violated the provisions of Civ. Code 51 (b) by
- failing and refusing to provide free and equal access to Plaintiff to their facility on the same basis as
- other persons not disabled. By their failure to provide equal access to Plaintiff as herein alleged,
- Defendants have also violated 42 U.S.C. section 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) as provided in Cal. Civ. Codes
- section 51(f).
- 28. By reason of their acts and denial of Plaintiff's civil rights Defendants also violated the
- provisions of Cal. Civ. Code section 52, which makes a person or entity in violation of Cal.Civ.
- Code 51 liable for the actual damages to a Plaintiff including treble damages where appropriate.
- 29. Defendants and each of them, at all times prior to and including 2004, respectively and
- continuing to the present time, knew that persons with physical disabilities were denied their rights
- of equal access to all portions of this public facility. Despite such knowledge, Defendants, and each
- of them, failed and refused to take steps to comply with the applicable access statutes and despite
- knowledge of the resulting problems and denial of civil rights suffered by Plaintiff and other
- similarly situated persons with disabilities.
- 30. Defendants and each of them have failed and refused to take action to grant full and equal
- access to person with physical disabilities. Defendants have carried out a course of conduct of

refusing to respond to, or correct complaints about unequal access and have refused to comply with their legal obligations to make the subject facility accessible pursuant the ADAAG and the California Building Code [Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations]. Such actions and continuing course of conduct by Defendants, and each of them, evidence despicable conduct in conscious disregard of the rights and/or safety of Plaintiff and those similarly situated and thus justify an award of treble damages pursuant to section 52(a) and 54.3(a) of the Cal.Civ. Code or alternatively an award of punitive damages in an appropriate amount.

- 31. Plaintiff has suffered emotional and physical damage and continues to suffer such damages all in an amount to be determined at time of trial.
- 32. Under the provisions of Cal. Civ. Code section 55 Plaintiff seeks an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs as a result of having to bring this action. Plaintiff requests the court to award such fees in an appropriate amount.

VIII

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress)

34. Defendants and each of them owed a duty to Plaintiff to make their facility accessible and to keep Plaintiff reasonably safe from known dangers and risks of harm. This duty arises by virtue of

33. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the Third Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.

- the legal duties proscribed by various federal and state statutes including, but not limited to, ADA,
- ADAAG, California Civil Code sections 51, 52, 54, 54.1 and Title 24 of the California Code of
- Regulations. Defendants had a duty of due care not to do or cause anything to happen that would
- subject Plaintiff to undue stress, embarrassment, chagrin, and discouragement.

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he JS-44 civil cover sheet an y law, except as provided by se of the Clerk of Court for	d the information control local rules of court. The the purpose of initiating the	herein neither re rm, approved by e civil docket she	place no the Judi et. (SEI	or supplement the filing a icial Conference of the U E INSTRUCTIONS ON	in the ice of pleadings or Injice states in September THE REVERSE OF THE	other papers at product 1974, is required to the FORM.				
(a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS	FILI	ED				
FAUSTINO A	MBAOSIO,			MAYANK PA	TEL. et al.	<b>一</b>				
(b) County of Residence of (EXC	First Listed Plaintiff EPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	Diego	· ·	NOTE: IN LAND C	N U.S. PLAINTIET CASES C ONDEMNATION CATESUS IN	WEY)				
		·		LANDINV	SOUTHERN DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORNIA DEPUTY				
	e, Address, and Telephone No		_	Attorneys (If Know	пВҮ					
Roy L. Lan 7840 Missi San Diego,	on Center CT,	9)296-7890 Suite 10		'04 CV	00983DMS	(JFS)				
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF PRI or Diversity Cases Only)		e an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)				
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government	nt Not a Party)	Cit	tizen of This State Cl 1	DEF  Incorporated or Pr  of Business In T	DEF incipal Place 🗆 4 🔟 4 This State				
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizer in Item III)	ship of Parties		tizen of Another State D 2	of Business In A	Principal Place D 5 D 5 Another State				
<u>·</u>	<del> </del>		Ci	tizen er Subject of a - 13 - 1 Foreign Country	3 S 3 Forcign Nation	□ 6 □ 6				
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in Or		P	ORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES				
110 Insurance   120 Marine   130 Miller Act   140 Negotiable Instrument   150 Recovery of Overpaymen & Enforcement o   151 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)   153 Recovery of Overpaymen of Veteran's Benefits   160 Stockholders' Suits   190 Other Contract   195 Contract Product Liability   REAL PROPERTY   210 Land Condemnation   220 Foreclosure   230 Rent Lease & Ejectmen   240 Torts to Land   245 Tort Product Liability   290 All Other Real Property	315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability CIVIL RIGHTS 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 444 Welfare 440 Other Civil Rights	PERSONAL INJU  362 Personal Injury Med. Malpract  365 Personal Injury Product Liabili  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPI  370 Other Fraud  371 Truth in Lend  380 Other Persona Property Dam Product Liabi  PRISONER PETI  510 Motions to V Sentence Habeas Corpus: 530 General 533 Death Penalt 540 Mandamus & 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Cond	rice continued to the c	620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airlime Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	□ 400 State Reapportionraens □ 410 Antirust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. □ 450 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and □ Corrupt Organizations □ 810 Selective Service □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ □ Exchange □ 875 Customer Challenge □ 12 USC 3410 □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 892 Economic Stabilization Act □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 894 Energy Allocation Act □ 895 Freedom of □ Information Act □ 900 Appeal of Fee □ Determination Under Equal Access to Justice □ 956 Constitutionality of State Statutes □ 890 Other Statutory Actions				
V. ORIGIN  (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)  Transferred from another district another district another district 2 Removed from 3 Remanded from 4 Reinstated or 5 (specify)  Proceeding State Court Appellate Court Reopened  Appeal to District Judge from 5 (specify)  Appeal to District Judge from Litigation  Appeal to District Judge from Litigation  Appeal to District Judge from Litigation										
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write brief statement of cause.  Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.)  42 USC 12101-12102, 12181-12183 and 12201, et seq.  Discrimination on basis of disability (Public Accommodations)										
VII. REQUESTED COMPLAINT:	IN CHECK IF TH	IIS IS A CLASS A		DEMAND \$		nly if demanded in complaint:				
VIII. RELATED C. IF ANY		IUDG E		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DOCKET NUMBER					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SIGNATURE		RIVEY OF RECORD						
RECEIPT # 103691 AMOUN 150 - APPLYING IPP MS JUDGE MAG JUDGE										

4 Reverse (Rev. 12/96)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS-44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

e IS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as quired by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is quired for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of our for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, e only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then e official, giving both name and title.
- (b.) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land indemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, sting in this section "(see attachment)".
- I. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.
- nited States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States, are included here.
- nited States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

ederal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the onstitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

riversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship f the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- [I. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS-44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark also section for each principal party.
- V. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section IV below, sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one ature of suit, select the most definitive.
- Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
- original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

ternoved from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the actition for removal is granted, check this box.

ternanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date. teinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Fransferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a) Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict itigation transfers.

Aultidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When his box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

lury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the IS-44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.