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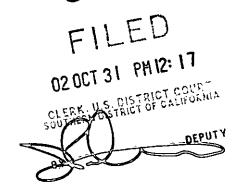
3:02-CV-02157 JONES V. MCDONALD'S

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LAW OFFICES OF ROY L. LANDERS ROY L. LANDERS (BAR #64920) 7840 MISSION CENTER COURT, SUITE 101 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92108 TELEPHONE (619) 296-7898 FACSIMILE (619) 296-5611

Attorney for Plaintiff: DAN JONES



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DAN JONES

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Plaintiff,

vs.

RIDENOUR, PHILIP PALUMBO, PALUMBO ENTERPRISES, AND DOES 1-10, Inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: 02 CV 92157 IEG (POR)

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES RE: VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS ON BASIS OF DISCRIMINATION IN PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS; UNFAIR, Mc DONALD'S RESTAURNAT, BOBBY J. ) UNLAWFUL AND FRAUDULENT BUSINESS PRACTICES; NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS; INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Ι

# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. (a) Jurisdiction of this action is invoked on the basis of 28 USC 1331 and 1343,42 USC 12101-12102, 12181-12183 and 12201, et. seq. Jurisdiction is also invoked pursuant to 42 USC 1981 [Civil Rights Act of 1991], et seq, which is applicable to causes of action where persons with disabilities have been denied their civil rights and Title II, section 201, et. seq. of the 1964 Civil Rights Act. Venue in the Southern Judicial District of California in the United States District Court is in accord with 28. U.S.C.

section 1391(b) because a substantial part of plaintiff's claims arose within the Judicial District of the United States District Court of the Southern District of California.

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(b) Supplemental Jurisdiction. The Judicial District of the District of the Southern Court United States District California has supplemental jurisdiction over the state claims alleged in this Complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1367(a). Supplemental jurisdiction is appropriate in this action on the basis that all the causes of action or claims derived from federal law and those arising under state law, as herein alleged, arose from a common nucleus of operative facts. The common nucleus of operative facts, include, but are not limited to, the incidents whereby plaintiff was denied full and equal access to Defendant's facilities, goods, and/or services in violation of both federal and state laws when plaintiff attempted to enter, use, and/or exit Complaint. described within this Defendant's facilities as Further, due to this denial of full and equal access Plaintiff and other person's with disabilities were injured. Based upon such allegations the state actions, as stated herein, are so related to the federal actions that they form part of the same case or controversy, and the actions would ordinarily be expected to be tried in one judicial proceeding.

II

# PARTIES

2. Defendant(s), Mc DONALD'S RESTAURANT, PHILIP PALUMBO, PALUMBO ENTERPRISES ARE and at all times herein mentioned were duly organized business, association, or corporation duly authorized to exist and operate within the State of California and County of San

Diego and the owner, operator or lessee of the premises located at 1260 12TH AVENUE, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA.

3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that defendants **BOBBY J. RIDENOUR**, were at all times herein was and are the owners, leasors, tenants and controlling parties of the property, which is the subject of this action and in some manner responsible for the violations of law as alleged herein.

4. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the named defendants herein operates a business and or/facility of public accommodation as defined and described within 42 USC 12181(7)(B) of the American with Disabilities Act [ADA] and as such must comply with the ADA under provisions of Title III therein.

5. Plaintiff is ignorant of the defendants sued as Does 1-10 herein, and therefore sues them in their fictitious names as Doe defendants. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Does 1-10 are the owners, operators, lessees or tenants of the subject property and each of the Doe defendants at all times herein was acting as the agent and or representative of each other and thereby are responsible in some manner for the injuries and damages complained of herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this complaint to name Doe defendants when the same is ascertained.

III

# GENERAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS

6. Plaintiff is disabled and confined to a wheelchair. He has no control over his lower extremities and must use a wheelchair to transport himself and to effect the basic necessities of his

everyday existence. Plaintiff's disability substantially limits 1 2 one or more of life's major activities and therefore he is 3 disabled as defined under 42 USC 12102(2)(A)(B)(C). On or about AUGUST 21, 2002 plaintiff attempted to enter the 4 5 subject premises of the defendants herein to utilize goods and/or services offered by defendants. When Plaintiff attempted to enter 6 said facility, plaintiff had difficulty entering and using the 7 facility because it failed to comply with Federal ADA Access Guidelines For Building and Facilities [hereinafter "ADAAG"] 9 10 and/or the State of California's Title 24 Building Code 11 Requirements. 8. The specific difficulty Plaintiff had in entering and utilizing 12 Defendants' facility and which amount to a violation of ADAAG and 13 14 Title 24 of the California Building Code are: Improper Bathroom - International Symbol of 15 a. Accessibility, ADAAG 4.30.6 & CA Title 24 1117B.5.9; 16 17 No Raised Braille Characters (Restroom Signage), (ADAAG b. 18 4.30.4 & CA Title 24 1117B.5.6.1 & .2; No Wall Mount Signage (Latch Side of Door) (ADAAG 19 c. 4.1.2(7)(d) and CA Title 24 1117B.5.1.1 & .5.6.3); 20 No Wall Mount Signage (60 inches from the floor), (ADAAG 21 d. 22 4.30.6 & CA Title 24 1117B.5.9); Improper Faucet Fixtures (One Hand Operable), (ADAAG 23 e. 24 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1508.1 & .2); Improper Faucets (Max 5 lb Force to Activate), (ADAAG 25 f. 26 4.27.4 & CA Title 24 1508.1 & .2); 27 Improper Faucets (Lever-Type), (ADAAG 4.27.4 & CA Title g. 28 24 1508.1 & .2);

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facilities. Defendants have been put on notice pursuant to the ADA

and the California Civil Code prior to the statutory effect of the

ADA on January 26, 1992 that Defendants and each of them had a

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duty to remove barriers to persons with disabilities such as 1 2 plaintiff. Defendants also knew or should have known that individuals such as plaintiff with a disability are not required 3 to give notice to a governmental agency prior to filing suit 4 alleging Defendants' failure to remove architectural barriers. 5 13. Plaintiff believes and thereon allege that Defendants' 6 facility, as described herein, have other access violations not 7 directly experienced by Plaintiff, which preclude or limit access 8 9 by others with disabilities, including, but not limited to, Space 10 Allowances, Reach Ranges, Accessible Routes, Protruding Objects, 11 Ground and Floor Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps, Ramps, Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair 12 Lifts), Windows, Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains, and Water 13 Coolers, Water Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and 14 Mirrors, Sinks, Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, Telephones, 15 Controls and Operating Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings and 16 17 Signage. Accordingly, Plaintiff alleges Defendants are required to remove all architectural barriers, known or unknown. Also, 18 Plaintiff alleges Defendants are required to utilize the ADA 19 checklist for Readily Achievable Barrier Removal approved by the 20 21 United States Department of Justice and created by Adaptive 22 Environments. 23 14. Plaintiff desires to return to Defendants' places of business

14. Plaintiff desires to return to Defendants' places of business and utilize their facilities without being discriminated against in the immediate future.

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IV

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Civil Rights-American With Disabilities Act)

15. Plaintiff realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 14 as though set forth fully herein.

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# Claim 1: Denial of Full and Equal Access

16. Based on the facts asserted above Plaintiff has been denied full and equal access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations. Defendant Mc DONLAD'S RESTAURANT is a public accommodation owned, leased and/or operated by Defendants and each of them. Defendants' existing facilities and/or services failed to provide full and equal access to Defendants' facility as required by 42 U.S.C. section 12182(a). Thus, Plaintiff was subjected to discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii)(iv); 42 USC 1981 and 42 U.S.C. section 12188 because Plaintiff was denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities. 17. Plaintiff has a physical impairment as alleged herein because his condition affects one or more of the following body systems: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, and/or cardiovascular. Further, his physical impairments substantially limits one or more of the following major life activities: walking. In addition, Plaintiff cannot perform one or more of the said major life activities in the manner speed, and duration when compared to the average person. Moreover, Plaintiff has a history of or has been classified as having a physical impairment as required by 42 U.S.C. section 12102(2)(A).

## Claim 2: Failure To Remove Architectural Barriers

18. Based upon the facts alleged herein, Plaintiff was denied full and equal access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations within a public

1 accommodation owned leased, and/or operated by the named 2 Defendants. Defendants individually and collectively failed to remove barriers as required by 42 U.S.C. 12182(a). Plaintiff is 3 4 informed and believes, and thus alleges that architectural barriers which are structural in nature exist at the following 5 6 physical elements of Defendants' facilities: 7 Space Allowance and Reach Ranges, Accessible Route, Protruding 8 Objects, Ground and Floor Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps, Ramps, Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts 9 10 (Wheelchair Lifts), Windows, Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains 11 and Water Coolers, Water Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, 12 Lavatories and Mirrors, Sinks, Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, and Controls and Operating Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings, 13 14 Signage, and Telephones. Pursuant to 42 USC section 15 12182(b)(2)(iv), Title III requires places of public accommodation 16 to remove architectural barriers that are structural in nature 17 within existing facilities. Failure to remove such barriers and 18 disparate treatment against a person who has a known association 19 with a person with a disability are forms of prohibited 20 discrimination. Accordingly, Plaintiff was subjected to 21 discrimination in violation of 42 USC 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 22 USC 12182 (b)(2)(A)(iv); 42 USC 1981 and 42 USC 12188. 23 Claim 3: Failure To Modify Practices, Policies And Procedures 19. Based on the facts alleged in this Complaint Defendants failed 24 and refused to provide a reasonable alternative by modifying its 25 26 practices, policies and procedures in that they failed to have a

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similarly situated in entering and utilizing Defendants' services,

scheme, plan, or design to assist Plaintiff and/or others

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1 as required by 42 U.S.C. section 12188(a). Thus, Plaintiff was 2 subjected to discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. section 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv); 42 U.S.C. 1981 and 42 U.S.C. section 12188 because Plaintiff was denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities. 20. As a result of the wrongful and discriminatory practices of

defendants, plaintiff has suffered actual damages consisting of special damages and general damages in an amount to be determined at time of trial herein.

21. Pursuant to the provisions of 42 USC 12188 plaintiff seeks injunctive relief and an order directing defendants to cease and desist from discriminating against plaintiff and others similarly situated and for an order that defendants comply with the Americans With Disabilities Act forthwith.

22. Under the provisions of 42 USC 12205 Plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys fees and requests that the court grant such fees as are appropriate.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Violation of Civil Rights 42 U.S.C. 1991)

- 23. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the First Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.
- 24. The provisions of 42 U.S.C. 1981 (As amended by the Civil Rights Act of 1991) provide that Plaintiff as a person with disabilities cannot be discriminated against with regard to the ability to enter into, to make or to enforce contracts. In enacting the Civil Rights Act of 1991 congress established a three tier system of remedies for a broad range of discretionary

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1 conduct, including violations of the Americans With Disabilities 2 Act, wherein disabled individuals such as plaintiff are denied 3 equal access to facilities they wish to conduct business in and 4 therefore are precluded from making, entering into and enforcing 5 contracts that plaintiff and others similarly situated may desire 6 to effect. 7 25. Defendants, because they have individually and/or collectively 8 denied plaintiff access to their premises, goods and services, 9 have denied him the right to make, enter into or enforce a 10 contract and therefor have violated the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 11 1991 all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount to be determined at 12 time of trial herein. 13 26. As a result of Defendants' actions Plaintiff was humiliated, 14 embarrassed and discouraged and upset emotionally and physically 15 and suffered damages according to proof. 16 27. The actions of the Defendants were intentional, outrageous and 17 done with reckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights and therefore 18

entitle him to an award of punitive damages.

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28. By reason of Defendants' actions Plaintiff was caused to incur costs and expenses of litigation, including attorney's fees, to seek and redress his civil rights. Plaintiff therefore seeks an award of costs and attorney's fees associated with the necessity of bringing this lawsuit.

VI

# THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation Of Civil Rights Under California Accessibility Laws)

Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the Second Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.

# (a) Denial Of Full And Equal Access

30. Plaintiff has been denied full and equal access to Defendants' goods services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations within a public accommodation owned, leased, and/or operated by Defendants in violation of California Civil Code Sections 54 and 54.1; California Health and Safety Code Section 19955 and California Government Code Section 12948. The actions of Defendants also violate the provisions of Title 24 of the State of California Building Codes with regard to accessibility for persons with disabilities by failing to provide access to Defendants facilities due to violations pertaining to accessible routes, ground and floor surfaces, parking and passenger loading zones, curb ramps, ramps, stairs, elevators, platform lifts (wheelchair lifts), windows, doors, toilet stalls, urinals, lavatories and mirrors, sinks, storage, handrails, grab bars, controls and operating mechanisms, alarms, detectable warnings, signage and telephones.

31. On the above basis Plaintiff has been wrongfully discriminated against.

## (b) Failure To Modify Practices, Policies And Procedures

32. Defendants have failed and refused and continue to fail and refuse to provide a reasonable alternative to allow plaintiff equal access to their facility by modifying their practices, policies, and procedures in that that they failed to have a scheme, plan, or design to assist Plaintiff and others similarly situated in entering and utilizing Defendants' goods or services as required by California Civil Code section 54 and 54.1.

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Accordingly Defendants have wrongfully discriminated against Plaintiff.

#### VII

# FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Violation of The Unruh Civil Rights Act)

- 33. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the Third Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.
- 34. Section 51(b) of the Cal. Civ. Code [The Unruh Civil Rights Act], provides in pertinent part:

"All persons within the jurisdiction of this state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, or medical condition is entitled to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever."

35. Defendants have violated the provisions of Civ. Code 51 (b) by failing and refusing to provide free and equal access to Plaintiff to their facility on the same basis as other persons not disabled. By their failure to provide equal access to Plaintiff as herein alleged, Defendants have also violated 42 U.S.C. section 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) as provided in Cal. Civ. Codes section 51(f). 36. By reason of their acts and denial of Plaintiff's civil rights Defendants also violated the provisions of Cal. Civ. Code section 52, which makes a person or entity in violation of Cal.Civ. Code 51 liable in the amount of \$4,000 per violation of said statute. 37. Defendants and each of them, at all times prior to and including AUGUST 21, 2002 respectively and continuing to the

present time, knew that persons with physical disabilities were

denied their rights of equal access to all portions of this public facility. Despite such knowledge, Defendants, and each of them, failed and refused to take steps to comply with the applicable access statutes and despite knowledge of the resulting problems and denial of civil rights suffered by Plaintiff and other similarly situated persons with disabilities.

38. Defendants and each of them have failed and refused to take action to grant full and equal access to persons with physical disabilities. Defendants have carried out a course of conduct of refusing to respond to, or correct complaints about unequal access and have refused to comply with their legal obligations to make the subject facility accessible pursuant the ADAAG and the California Building Code [Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations]. Such actions and continuing course of conduct by Defendants, and each of them, evidence despicable conduct in conscious disregard of the rights and/or safety of Plaintiff and those similarly situated and thus justify an award of treble damages pursuant to section 52(a) and 54.3(a) of the Cal.Civ. Code or alternatively an award of punitive damages in an appropriate amount.

39. Plaintiff has suffered emotional and physical damage and continues to suffer such damages all in an amount to be determined at time of trial.

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27 28 seeks an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs as a result of having to bring this action. Plaintiff requests the court to award such fees in an appropriate amount. VIII

40. Under the provisions of Cal. Civ. Code section 55 Plaintiff

# FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Unfair And Unlawful Business Practice)

- 41. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the Fourth Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.
- 42. California Business and Professions Code Section 17200 states in pertinent part:

"As used in this chapter, unfair competition shall mean and include any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act..."

43. Defendants, as alleged herein, are in violation of the Americans With Disabilities Act and Title 24 of the California Building Code, in that they have denied equal access to their places of public accommodation to Plaintiff and others similarly situated to Plaintiff. Defendants have failed and refused and continue to refuse to comply with equal access laws all in violation of 42 USC 12181-12183; 42 USC 1981; and 42 USC 12188. In addition the complained of acts are in violation of California Civil Code Sections 51,52, 54, and 54.1, California Health and Safety Code section 19955 and California Government Code section 12948 all of which require Defendants to provide equal access to their facility to disabled persons such as plaintiff. Defendants

are also in violation of the indicated statutes because of their failure to remove architectural barriers, which prevent equal access to their facility by disabled persons and because of their failure to modify their practices, policies and procedures to have a scheme, plan, or design to assist Plaintiff and others similarly situated to enter and utilize Defendants' services as required by the Unruh Act.

44. Defendants' acts are unlawful and unfair and are therefore in violation of California Business and Professions Code section 17200.

45. Pursuant to the provisions of California Business and Professions Code section 17201 Plaintiff is a person as identified within said section and therefore allowed to bring this action on behalf of himself and the general public to effectuate California Business and Professions Code 17200 as provided for within Business and Professions Code section 17204.

46. Thus, Plaintiff, under Bus & Prof. Code section 17200 seeks injunctive relief, on behalf of himself and the general public, requiring Defendants to remedy the disabled access violations present within Defendants' facility and that Defendants be ordered to cease and desist from continuing in noncompliance with disabled access statutes and regulations.

IX

# SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

47. Plaintiff relleges the allegations of the Fourth Cause of

Action as though set forth fully herein.

48. Defendants and each of them owed a duty to Plaintiff to make their facility accessible and to keep Plaintiff reasonably safe from known dangers and risks of harm. This duty arises by virtue of the legal duties proscribed by various federal and state statutes including, but not limited to, ADA, ADAAG, California Civil Code sections 51, 52, 54, 54.1 and Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations. Defendants had a duty of due care not to do or cause anything to happen that would subject Plaintiff to undue stress, embarrassment, chagrin, and discouragement.

actions and inaction complained of herein and as a result thereof Plaintiff was shocked, discouraged, embarrassed and outraged at the callousness and disregard of Defendants. Defendants knew or had reason to know that by denying Plaintiff equal access to their facility and failing and refusing to remove architectural barriers, Plaintiff would suffer emotional and/or mental distress because of such discrimination and disparate treatment. Defendants breached their duty of care to plaintiff by the perpetration of the acts outlined herein.

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50. As a proximate result of the actions of Defendants Plaintiff did suffer emotional and mental stress and pain and suffering all in an amount to be determined at time of trial.

# SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress)

- 51. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of the Fourth Cause of Action as though set forth fully herein.
- 52. The actions of Defendants and each of them are despicable, intentional and done with conscious disregard of the rights and safety of Plaintiff and as such should be regarded as outrageous.
- 53. As a proximate result of Defendants' actions Plaintiff has suffered severe emotional and mental distress all to his damage in an amount to be determined at time of trial.
- 54. Plaintiff seeks an award of punitive damages for this claim as the actions of Defendants are tantamount to outrageous conduct and subject them to exemplary damages.

# DEMAND FOR JURY

55. Plaintiff respectfully requests that the claims made herein be heard and determined by a jury.

## WHEREFORE PLAINTIFF PRAYS:

- 1. For general damages according to proof;
- 2. For special damages according to proof;
- 3. For damages pursuant to Cal. Civil Code section 52, in the amount of \$4,000 for each and every offense of California Civil Code section 51, Title 24 of the California Building Code and the Americans With Disabilities Act.

4. For Injunctive relief pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 12188(a) and California Business and Professions Code section 17200 5. For an award of attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1988, 42 U.S.C. 1981, 42 U.S.C. 12205 and Cal. Civ. Code section 55; 6. For treble damages pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code 52 (a); 7. For punitive damages according to proof; 8. For a Jury Trial; 9. For costs of suit incurred herein and; 10. For such other and further relief as the court deems proper. Respectfully submitted, 10/29/02 

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The JS-44 civil cover sheet by law, except as provided use of the Clerk of Court f	and the information cou by local rules of court or the purpose of initiat	d herein neither form, approved t ing the civil docket sh	replace nor by the Judio leet. (SEE	supplement the file cial Conference of INSTRUCTIONS	ing service of pleading the United States in Septen ON THE REVERSE OF T	gs or other papers as required nber 1974, is required for the THE FORM.)
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS DAN JONES		FIL	ED		'S RESTAURANT,	BOBBY J. RIDENOUF
/		San <b>02.007.31</b>	PH 12:	AND DOES	ALUMBO, PALUMB 1-10 Inclusiv San	e,
(h) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff						
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.						
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)  Attorney's (If Known)						
Roy L. Landers (619)296-7898 7840 Mission Center CT, Suite 101 San Diego, CA 92108  "02 CV 02 1 5 7 IEG (POR)						
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)  III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff (For Diversity Cases Only)  and One Box for Defendant)						
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Govern	n ment Not a Party)	Citizen	of This State	DEF I I Incorporated or of Business I	Principal Place
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citi in Item III)	zenship of Parties	Citizen	of Another State		d Principal Place 13 5 13 5 n Another State
	,			or Subject of a	3 🗆 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)						
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFI	EITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane  315 Airplane Product Liability  320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY  362 Personal Injury— Med. Malpractice  365 Personal Injury— Product Liability	□ 620 □ 625	☐ 620 Other Food & Drug	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	☐ 400 State Reapportionment ☐ 410 Antitrust ☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. ☐ 460 Deportation
& Enforcement of	Slander  □ 330 Federal Employers*	□ 368 Asbestos Personal	I 🗔 640	R.R. & Truck	PROPERTY RIGHTS	☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	Liability  ☐ 340 Marine  ☐ 345 Marine Product	Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERT  370 Other Fraud	TY G60	O Airline Regs. Occupational Safety/Health Other	B20 Copyrights B30 Patent B40 Trademark	Corrupt Organizations  S10 Selective Service  S50 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	☐ 371 Truth in Lending☐ 380 Other Personal		LABOR	SOCIAL SECURITY	875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	Property Damage  385 Property Damage	D 710	Fair Labor Standards	□ 861 HIA (1395ff)	☐ 891 Agricultural Acts ☐ 892 Economic Stabilization Act
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability		Product Liability	720	Act Labor/Mgmt. Relations	☐ 862 Black Lung (923) ☐ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	☐ 893 Environmental Matters
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIO	<del></del>   □ 730	Labor/Mgint.Reporting	☐ 864 SSID Title XVI ☐ 865 RSI (405(g))	☐ 894 Energy Allocation Act ☐ 895 Freedom of
☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure	☐ 441 Voting ☐ 442 Employment	510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	: [	& Disclosure Act Railway Labor Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	Information Act ☐ 900 Appeal of Fee
☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment☐ 240 Torts to Land	☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations	Habeas Corpus:	1	Other Labor Litigation	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	Determination Under Equal Access to Justice
☐ 245 Tort Product Liability☐ 290 All Other Real Property	☐ 444 Welfare  440 Other Civil Rights	535 Death Penalty 540 Mandamus & Oth			or Defendant)	☐ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
		☐ 550 Civil Rights ☐ 555 Prison Condition	er [] 791	Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	☐ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions
V. ORIGIN (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)  Transferred from Appeal to District						
Original Proceeding Removed from State Court Removed from Appellate Court Reopened State Court Response of Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write brief statement of cause.						
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION 42 USC 1210	1 – 1 2 1 0 2 , 1 2 1	nal statutes unless diversity. 81~12183 an	) nd 122	01. et sed	I•	
VII DECLIERTED IN					commodations)	
VII. REQUESTED IN  COMPLAINT:   COMPLAINT:						
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) instructions):  IF ANY  JUDG E  DOCKET NUMBER						
DATE 10-29-02 SIGNATURE OF AFTORNEY OF RECORD CANALLY						
RECEIPT# 05918 AMOUN 150, 00 MD APPLYING IFP JUDGE MAG, JUDGE						
<b>\</b> /						