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Bar #: 200424 U.S. DISTRICT COURT
Bar #: 185736 DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

BY *JD*

DEPUTY

11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
12 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

13 MANTIC ASHANTI'S CAUSE, SUING
14 ON BEHALF OF THEODORE A.
15 PINNOCK AND ITS MEMBERS; and
16 THEODORE A. PINNOCK, An
17 Individual,

18 Plaintiffs,

19 v.

20 PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI
21 MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO
22 TAU BAY RESTAURANT; DO HONEY
23 LE; TINA HAI LE; AFJR
24 PARTNERSHIP, L.P.; AFJR
25 PARTNERSHIP, A GENERAL
26 PARTNERSHIP; And DOES 1
27 THROUGH 10, Inclusive

28 Defendants.

Case No. 04 CV 1185 K (JFS)

CIVIL COMPLAINT:
DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICES IN
PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS
[42 U.S.C. 12182(a) ET. SEQ;
CIVIL CODE 51, 52, 54, 54.1]

NEGLIGENCE
[CIVIL CODE 1714(a), 2338,
3333; EVIDENCE CODE 669(a)]

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
[F.R.Civ.P. rule 38(b);
Civ.L.R. 38.1]

29 INTRODUCTION

30 Plaintiffs MANTIC ASHANTI'S CAUSE SUING ON BEHALF OF THEODORE
31 A. PINNOCK AND ITS MEMBERS and THEODORE A. PINNOCK, An Individual,
32 herein complain, by filing this Civil Complaint in accordance with
33 rule 8 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in the Judicial
34 District of the United States District Court of the Southern

1 District of California, that Defendants have in the past, and
2 presently are, engaging in discriminatory practices against
3 individuals with disabilities, specifically including minorities
4 with disabilities. Plaintiffs allege this civil action and others
5 substantial similar thereto are necessary to compel access
6 compliance because empirical research on the effectiveness of
7 Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act indicates this
8 Title has failed to achieve full and equal access simply by the
9 executive branch of the Federal Government funding and promoting
10 voluntary compliance efforts. Further, empirical research shows
11 when individuals with disabilities give actual notice of potential
12 access problems to places of public accommodation without a
13 federal civil rights action, the public accommodations do not
14 remove the access barriers. Therefore, Plaintiffs make the
15 following allegations in this federal civil rights action:

16
17 JURISDICTION AND VENUE

18 1. The federal jurisdiction of this action is based on the
19 Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 United States Code 12101-
20 12102, 12181-12183 and 12201, et seq. Venue in the Judicial
21 District of the United States District Court of the Southern
22 District of California is in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)
23 because a substantial part of Plaintiffs' claims arose within the
24 Judicial District of the United States District Court of the
25 Southern District of California.

26 SUPPLEMENTAL JURISDICTION

27 2. The Judicial District of the United States District Court of
28 the Southern District of California has supplemental jurisdiction

1 over the state claims as alleged in this Complaint pursuant to 28
2 U.S.C. § 1367(a). The reason supplemental jurisdiction is proper
3 in this action is because all the causes of action or claims
4 derived from federal law and those arising under state law, as
5 herein alleged, arose from common nucleus of operative facts. The
6 common nucleus of operative facts, include, but are not limited
7 to, the incidents where Plaintiff's Member Theodore A. Pinnock was
8 denied full and equal access to Defendants' facilities, goods,
9 and/or services in violation of both federal and state laws when
10 they attempted to enter, use, and/or exit Defendants' facilities
11 as described below within this Complaint. Further, due to this
12 denial of full and equal access, Theodore A. Pinnock and other
13 persons with disabilities were injured. Based upon the said
14 allegations, the state actions, as stated herein, are so related
15 to the federal actions that they form part of the same case or
16 controversy and the actions would ordinarily be expected to be
17 tried in one judicial proceeding.

18
19 NAMED DEFENDANTS AND NAMED PLAINTIFFS

20 3. Defendants are, and, at all times mentioned herein, were, a
21 business or corporation or franchise organized and existing and/or
22 doing business under the laws of the State of California.

23 Defendant PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-
24 PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT is located at 7604 Linda Vista Road, San
25 Diego, California 92111. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and
26 thereon allege that Defendants DO HONEY LE and/or TINA HAI LE are
27 the owners, operators, and/or doing business as PHO TAU BAY
28 RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT.

1 Defendant DO HONEY LE is located at 7612 Linda Vista Road, Suite
2 116, San Diego, California 92111. Defendant TH TINA HAI LE is
3 located at 4833 Mount Royal Avenue, San Diego, California 92117.
4 Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that
5 Defendants AFJR PARTNERSHIP, L.P. and/or AFJR PARTNERSHIP, A
6 GENERAL PARTNERSHIP are the owners, operators, and/or lessors of
7 the property located at 7604 Linda Vista Road, San Diego,
8 California 92111, Assessor Parcel Number 427-082-15. Defendants
9 AFJR PARTNERSHIP, L.P. and AFJR PARTNERSHIP, A GENERAL PARTNERSHIP
10 are located at 4255 Ocean Boulevard, San Diego, California 92109.
11 The words "Plaintiffs" and "Plaintiff's Member" as used herein
12 specifically include the organization MANTIC ASHANTI'S CAUSE, its
13 Members, its member Theodore A. Pinnock and persons associated
14 with its Members who accompanied Members to Defendants'
15 facilities, as well as THEODORE A. PINNOCK, An Individual.

16 4. Defendants Does 1 through 10, were at all times relevant
17 herein subsidiaries, employers, employees, agents, of PHO TAU BAY
18 RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT;
19 DO HONEY LE; TINA HAI LE; AFJR PARTNERSHIP, L.P.; and AFJR
20 PARTNERSHIP, A GENERAL PARTNERSHIP. Plaintiffs are ignorant of
21 the true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as Does 1
22 through 10, inclusive, and therefore sues these Defendants by such
23 fictitious names. Plaintiffs will pray leave of the court to
24 amend this complaint to allege the true names and capacities of
25 the Does when ascertained.

26 5. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that
27 Defendants and each of them herein were, at all times relevant to
28

1 the action, the owner, lessor, lessee, franchiser, franchisee,
2 general partner, limited partner, agent, employee, representing
3 partner, or joint venturer of the remaining Defendants and were
4 acting within the course and scope of that relationship.
5 Plaintiffs are further informed and believe, and thereon allege,
6 that each of the Defendants herein gave consent to, ratified,
7 and/or authorized the acts alleged herein to each of the remaining
8 Defendants.

9
10 CONCISE SET OF FACTS

11 6. Plaintiff MANTIC ASHANTI'S CAUSE is an organization that
12 advocates on the behalf of its members with disabilities when
13 their civil rights and liberties have been violated. Plaintiff's
14 member THEODORE A. PINNOCK is a member of Plaintiff Organization
15 and has an impairment in that he has Cerebral Palsy and due to
16 this impairment he has learned to successfully operate a
17 wheelchair.

18 7. On May 17, 2004, Plaintiff's member THEODORE A. PINNOCK went
19 to Defendants' PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA
20 CAI-PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT facilities to utilize their goods
21 and/or services. When Plaintiff's member patronized Defendants'
22 PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU BAY
23 RESTAURANT facilities, he was unable to use and/or had difficulty
24 using the public accommodations' disabled parking, exterior path
25 of travel, entrance, cashier counter, and restroom facilities at
26 Defendants' business establishment because they failed to comply
27 with ADA Access Guidelines For Buildings and Facilities (hereafter
28 referred to as "ADAAG") and/or California's Title 24 Building Code

1 Requirements. Defendants failed to remove access barriers within
2 the disabled parking, exterior path of travel, entrance, cashier
3 counter, public pay telephone, and restroom facilities of
4 Defendants' PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-
5 PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT establishment.

6 8. Plaintiff's member personally experienced difficulty with
7 said access barriers at Defendants' PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI
8 MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT facilities. For
9 example, the parking facility of Defendants' establishment is
10 inaccessible. The parking facility has a total of eighty-seven
11 (87) parking spaces, including four (4) disabled parking spaces
12 that are not compliant. One (1) of the disabled parking spaces,
13 which is located adjacent to the restaurant, is a "regular"
14 disabled parking space that is only sixteen feet (16') long with
15 an impermissible encroachment of a ramp into the access aisle.
16 One (1) of the other disabled parking spaces is a "van accessible"
17 disabled parking space, however it too is only sixteen feet (16')
18 long. The other two (2) disabled parking spaces are also only
19 sixteen feet (16') long, one (1) of which has an access aisle that
20 is on the left hand side, when is required to be on the right hand
21 side, and the other disabled parking space has an access aisle
22 that is only three feet (3') wide. It is required that there is
23 at least one (1) "van accessible" disabled parking space that is
24 at least eighteen feet (18") long. It is also required that there
25 are three (3) "regular" disabled parking spaces that are at least
26 eighteen feet (18') long, with five foot (5') wide access aisles
27 on the right hand side of the parking spaces that are not
28

1 encroached upon by a ramp.

2 9. The exterior path of travel of the Defendants' establishment
3 is inaccessible. The width of the walkway is as narrow as twenty-
4 five inches (25") in some areas, when the minimum requirement is
5 forty-eight inches (48") in width. The ramp from the parking lot
6 to the entrance has an impermissible one-inch (1") lip. Changes
7 in level greater than one half of an inch (1/2") are required to
8 be ramped.

9 10. The entrance to the Defendants' establishment is
10 inaccessible, as the entrance door fails to have the required
11 smooth and uninterrupted surface on the bottom ten inches (10") of
12 the door that allows the door to be opened with a wheelchair
13 footrest without creating a hazard. The front entrance door also
14 fails to have the required disability signage.

15 11. The cashier counter at the Defendants' establishment is
16 inaccessible, as the counter is forty inches (40") high, when it
17 is required to be no higher than thirty-four inches (34") high.

18 12. The men's restroom located inside the defendants'
19 establishment is inaccessible. The men's restroom door is
20 inaccessible, as it requires seven pounds (7 lbs.) of pressure to
21 operate. The maximum requirement is five pounds (5 lbs.) of
22 pressure to operate a door like this one. The wheelchair turn
23 around space in the restroom is only forty-seven inches by sixty
24 inches (47"X60"), when it is required to be at least sixty inches
25 (60") in diameter. The stall door fails to have the required
26 self-closing mechanism. The stall door fails to have the required
27 handles on both sides of the door. The height of the commode
28

1 seat cover dispenser is fifty-four inches (54") high, when it is
2 required to be no higher than forty inches (40") high. The
3 distance from the side edge of the commode to the far wall is only
4 sixteen inches (16"), when it is required to be at least thirty-
5 two inches (32"). The distance from the front edge of the commode
6 to the front wall is only forty-six inches (46"), when it is
7 required to be at least sixty inches (60"). The length of the
8 rear grab bar of the commode is only twenty-nine inches (29")
9 long, when it is required to be at least thirty-six inches (36")
10 long. The height of the urinal lip is twenty-four inches (24"),
11 when it is required to be no more than seventeen inches (17")
12 high. The distance from the lavatory to the adjacent wall is only
13 ten inches (10"), when the minimum requirement is eighteen inches
14 (18"). The lavatory faucet handles are inaccessible, as they
15 require tight grasping and/or twisting of the wrist to operate.
16 The height of the bottom of the mirror is forty-eight inches
17 (48"), when the maximum height requirement is forty inches (40")
18 high. The hot water and drainpipes under the lavatory fail to
19 have the required covering. The soap dispenser is mounted at
20 forty-two inches (42"), when it is required to be mounted no
21 higher than forty inches (40"). The height of the paper towel
22 dispenser is forty-seven inches (47"), when it is required to be
23 no higher than forty inches (40"). The restroom fails to have the
24 required audible and visual alarm system.

25
26 13. In addition to the violations personally experienced by
27 Plaintiff's Member and Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK, additional
28 violations of federal and state disability laws exist at

1 Defendants' PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-
2 PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT. For example, the public pay telephone is
3 inaccessible, as it fails to have the required signage.

4 14. Pursuant to federal and state law, Defendants are required to
5 remove barriers to their existing facilities. Further, Defendants
6 had actual knowledge of their barrier removal duties under the
7 Americans with Disabilities Act and the Civil Code before January
8 26, 1992. Also, Defendants should have known that individuals
9 with disabilities are not required to give notice to a
10 governmental agency before filing suit alleging Defendants failed
11 to remove architectural barriers.

12 15. Plaintiffs believe and herein allege Defendants' facilities
13 have access violations not directly experienced by Plaintiff's
14 Member which preclude or limit access by others with disabilities,
15 including, but not limited to, Space Allowance and Reach Ranges,
16 Accessible Route, Protruding Objects, Ground and Floor Surfaces,
17 Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps, Ramps, Stairs,
18 Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair Lifts), Windows, Doors,
19 Entrances, Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers, Water Closets,
20 Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and Mirrors, Sinks, Storage,
21 Handrails, Grab Bars, and Controls and Operating Mechanisms,
22 Alarms, Detectable Warnings, Signage, and Telephones. Accordingly,
23 Plaintiffs allege Defendants are required to remove all
24 architectural barriers, known or unknown. Also, Plaintiffs allege
25 Defendants are required to utilize the ADA checklist for Readily
26 Achievable Barrier Removal approved by the United States
27 Department of Justice and created by Adaptive Environments.
28

1 16. Based on these facts, Plaintiffs allege Plaintiff's Member
2 and Plaintiff Theodore A. Pinnock was discriminated against each
3 time he patronized Defendants' establishments. Plaintiff's Member
4 and Plaintiff Theodore A. Pinnock was extremely upset due to
5 Defendants' conduct. Further, Plaintiff's Member and Plaintiff
6 THEODORE A. PINNOCK experienced pain in his legs, back, arms,
7 shoulders and wrists when he attempted to enter, use, and exit
8 Defendants' PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-
9 PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT establishment.

10 **WHAT CLAIMS ARE PLAINTIFFS ALLEGING AGAINST EACH NAMED DEFENDANT**

11
12 17. PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU
13 BAY RESTAURANT; DO HONEY LE; TINA HAI LE; AFJR PARTNERSHIP, L.P.;
14 AFJR PARTNERSHIP, A GENERAL PARTNERSHIP; and Does 1 through 10
15 will be referred to collectively hereinafter as "Defendants."

16 18. Plaintiffs aver that the Defendants are liable for the
17 following claims as alleged below:

18 **DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICES IN PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS**

19 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS- Claims Under The**
20 **Americans With Disabilities Act Of 1990**

21 **CLAIM I AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS: Denial Of Full And Equal**
22 **Access**

23 19. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere in
24 this complaint, Plaintiff's Member was denied full and equal
25 access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges,
26 advantages, or accommodations. Plaintiffs allege Defendants are a
27 public accommodation owned, leased and/or operated by Defendants.
28 Defendants' existing facilities and/or services failed to provide

1 full and equal access to Defendants' facility as required by 42
2 U.S.C. § 12182(a). Thus, Plaintiff's Member was subjected to
3 discrimination in violation of 42 United States Code
4 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 U.S.C. § 12188 because Plaintiff's
5 Member was denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities.

6 20. Plaintiff's member Theodore A. Pinnock has physical
7 impairments as alleged in ¶ 6 above because his conditions affect
8 one or more of the following body systems: neurological,
9 musculoskeletal, special sense organs, and/or cardiovascular.

10 Further, Plaintiff's member Theodore A. Pinnock's said physical
11 impairments substantially limits one or more of the following
12 major life activities: walking. In addition, Plaintiff's member
13 Theodore A. Pinnock cannot perform one or more of the said major
14 life activities in the manner, speed, and duration when compared
15 to the average person. Moreover, Plaintiff's member Theodore A.
16 Pinnock has a history of or has been classified as having a
17 physical impairment as required by 42 U.S.C. § 12102(2)(A).

18
19 **CLAIM II AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS: Failure To Make Alterations In**
20 **Such A Manner That The Altered Portions Of The Facility Are**
Readily Accessible And Usable By Individuals With Disabilities

21 21. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere in
22 this complaint, Plaintiff's Member Theodore A. Pinnock was denied
23 full and equal access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities,
24 privileges, advantages, or accommodations within a public
25 accommodation owned, leased, and/or operated by Defendants.
26 Defendants altered their facility in a manner that affects or
27 could affect the usability of the facility or a part of the
28 facility after January 26, 1992. In performing the alteration,

1 Defendants failed to make the alteration in such a manner that, to
2 the maximum extent feasible, the altered portions of the facility
3 are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with
4 disabilities, including individuals who use wheelchairs, in
5 violation of 42 U.S.C. §12183(a)(2).

6 22. Additionally, the Defendants undertook an alteration that
7 affects or could affect the usability of or access to an area of
8 the facility containing a primary function after January 26, 1992.
9 Defendants further failed to make the alterations in such a manner
10 that, to the maximum extent feasible, the path of travel to the
11 altered area and the bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains
12 serving the altered area, are readily accessible to and usable by
13 individuals with disabilities in violation 42 U.S.C. §12183(a)(2).

14 23. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12183(a), this failure to make the
15 alterations in a manner that, to the maximum extent feasible, are
16 readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities
17 constitutes discrimination for purposes of 42 U.S.C. §12183(a).
18 Therefore, Defendants discriminated against Plaintiff's Member
19 Theodore A. Pinnock in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

20 24. Thus, Plaintiff's Member Theodore A. Pinnock was subjected to
21 discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a), 42 U.S.C.
22 §12182(a) and 42 U.S.C. §12188 because said Member Theodore A.
23 Pinnock was denied equal access to Defendants' existing
24 facilities.

25 ///

26 CLAIM III AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS: Failure To Remove Architectural
27 Barriers

28 25. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere in

1 this complaint, Plaintiff's Member was denied full and equal
2 access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges,
3 advantages, or accommodations within a public accommodation owned,
4 leased, and/or operated by Defendants. Defendants failed to
5 remove barriers as required by 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a). Plaintiffs
6 are informed, believe, and thus allege that architectural barriers
7 which are structural in nature exist within the following physical
8 elements of Defendants' facilities: Space Allowance and Reach
9 Ranges, Accessible Route, Protruding Objects, Ground and Floor
10 Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps, Ramps,
11 Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair Lifts), Windows,
12 Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers, Water
13 Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and Mirrors, Sinks,
14 Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, and Controls and Operating
15 Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings, Signage, and Telephones.
16 Title III requires places of public accommodation to remove
17 architectural barriers that are structural in nature to existing
18 facilities. [See, 42 United States Code 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).]
19 Failure to remove such barriers and disparate treatment against a
20 person who has a known association with a person with a disability
21 are forms of discrimination. [See 42 United States Code
22 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).] Thus, Plaintiff's Member was subjected to
23 discrimination in violation of 42 United States Code
24 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 U.S.C. § 12188 because said Member was
25 denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities.
26

27 CLAIM IV AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS: Failure To Modify Practices,
28 Policies And Procedures

1 26. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere in
2 this complaint, Defendants failed and refused to provide a
3 reasonable alternative by modifying its practices, policies and
4 procedures in that they failed to have a scheme, plan, or design
5 to assist Plaintiff's Member and/or others similarly situated in
6 entering and utilizing Defendants' services, as required by 42
7 U.S.C. § 12188(a). Thus, said Member was subjected to
8 discrimination in violation of 42 United States Code
9 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 U.S.C. § 12188 because said Member was
10 denied equal access to Defendants' existing facilities.

11 27. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above, Claims I, II, and
12 III of Plaintiffs' First Cause Of Action above, and the facts
13 elsewhere herein this complaint, Plaintiffs will suffer
14 irreparable harm unless Defendants are ordered to remove
15 architectural, non-architectural, and communication barriers at
16 Defendants' public accommodation. Plaintiffs allege that
17 Defendants' discriminatory conduct is capable of repetition, and
18 this discriminatory repetition adversely impacts Plaintiffs and a
19 substantial segment of the disability community. Plaintiffs
20 allege there is a national public interest in requiring
21 accessibility in places of public accommodation. Plaintiffs have
22 no adequate remedy at law to redress the discriminatory conduct of
23 Defendants. Plaintiff's Member desires to return to Defendants'
24 places of business in the immediate future. Accordingly, the
25 Plaintiffs allege that a structural or mandatory injunction is
26 necessary to enjoin compliance with federal civil rights laws
27 enacted for the benefit of individuals with disabilities.
28

1 28. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment and relief as
2 hereinafter set forth.

3 SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS - CLAIMS UNDER
4 CALIFORNIA ACCESSIBILITY LAWS

5 CLAIM I: Denial Of Full And Equal Access

6 29. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere in
7 this complaint, Plaintiff's Member was denied full and equal
8 access to Defendants' goods, services, facilities, privileges,
9 advantages, or accommodations within a public accommodation owned,
10 leased, and/or operated by Defendants as required by Civil Code
11 Sections 54 and 54.1. Defendants' facility violated California's
12 Title 24 Accessible Building Code by failing to provide access to
13 Defendants' facilities due to violations pertaining to the Space
14 Allowance and Reach Ranges, Accessible Route, Protruding Objects,
15 Ground and Floor Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones,
16 Curb Ramps, Ramps, Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair
17 Lifts), Windows, Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains and Water
18 Coolers, Water Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and
19 Mirrors, Sinks, Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, and Controls and
20 Operating Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings, Signage, and
21 Telephones.

22 30. These violations denied Plaintiff's Member full and equal
23 access to Defendants' facility. Thus, said Member was subjected
24 to discrimination pursuant to Civil Code §§ 51, 52, and 54.1
25 because Plaintiff's Member was denied full, equal and safe access
26 to Defendants' facility, causing severe emotional distress.

27 CLAIM II: Failure To Modify Practices, Policies And Procedures
28

1 31. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere
2 herein this complaint, Defendants failed and refused to provide a
3 reasonable alternative by modifying its practices, policies, and
4 procedures in that they failed to have a scheme, plan, or design
5 to assist Plaintiff's Member and/or others similarly situated in
6 entering and utilizing Defendants' services as required by Civil
7 Code § 54.1. Thus, said Member was subjected to discrimination in
8 violation of Civil Code § 54.1.

9 **CLAIM III: Violation Of The Unruh Act**

10 32. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere
11 herein this complaint and because Defendants violated the Civil
12 Code § 51 by failing to comply with 42 United States Code §
13 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(2), Defendants did and
14 continue to discriminate against Plaintiff's Member and persons
15 similarly situated in violation of Civil Code §§ 51, 52, and 54.1.

16 33. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-17 above, Claims I, II, and
17 III of Plaintiffs' Second Cause Of Action above, and the facts
18 elsewhere herein this complaint, Plaintiffs will suffer
19 irreparable harm unless Defendants are ordered to remove
20 architectural, non-architectural, and communication barriers at
21 Defendants' public accommodation. Plaintiffs allege that
22 Defendants' discriminatory conduct is capable of repetition, and
23 this discriminatory repetition adversely impacts Plaintiffs and a
24 substantial segment of the disability community. Plaintiffs
25 allege there is a state and national public interest in requiring
26 accessibility in places of public accommodation. Plaintiffs have
27 no adequate remedy at law to redress the discriminatory conduct of
28

1 Defendants. Plaintiff's Member desires to return to Defendants'
2 places of business in the immediate future. Accordingly, the
3 Plaintiffs allege that a structural or mandatory injunction is
4 necessary to enjoin compliance with state civil rights laws
5 enacted for the benefit of individuals with disabilities.

6 34. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages and relief as
7 hereinafter stated.

8 **Treble Damages Pursuant To Claims I, II, III Under The California**
9 **Accessibility Laws**

10 35. Defendants, each of them respectively, at times prior to and
11 including, the month of May, 2004, and continuing to the present
12 time, knew that persons with physical disabilities were denied
13 their rights of equal access to all portions of this public
14 facility. Despite such knowledge, Defendants, and each of them,
15 failed and refused to take steps to comply with the applicable
16 access statutes; and despite knowledge of the resulting problems
17 and denial of civil rights thereby suffered by Plaintiff's Member
18 THEODORE A. PINNOCK and other similarly situated persons with
19 disabilities. Defendants, and each of them, have failed and
20 refused to take action to grant full and equal access to persons
21 with physical disabilities in the respects complained of
22 hereinabove. Defendants, and each of them, have carried out a
23 course of conduct of refusing to respond to, or correct complaints
24 about, denial of disabled access and have refused to comply with
25 their legal obligations to make Defendants' PHO TAU BAY
26 RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT
27 facilities accessible pursuant to the Americans With Disability
28 Act Access Guidelines (ADAAG) and Title 24 of the California Code

1 of Regulations (also known as the California Building Code). Such
2 actions and continuing course of conduct by Defendants, and each
3 of them, evidence despicable conduct in conscious disregard of the
4 rights and/or safety of Plaintiff's Member and of other similarly
5 situated persons, justifying an award of treble damages pursuant
6 to sections 52(a) and 54.3(a) of the California Civil Code.

7 36. Defendants', and each of their, actions have also been
8 oppressive to persons with physical disabilities and of other
9 members of the public, and have evidenced actual or implied
10 malicious intent toward those members of the public, such as
11 Plaintiff's Member and other persons with physical disabilities
12 who have been denied the proper access to which they are entitled
13 by law. Further, Defendants', and each of their, refusals on a
14 day-to-day basis to correct these problems evidence despicable
15 conduct in conscious disregard for the rights of Plaintiff's
16 Member THEODORE A. PINNOCK and other members of the public with
17 physical disabilities.

18 37. Plaintiffs pray for an award of treble damages against
19 Defendants, and each of them, pursuant to California Civil Code
20 sections 52(a) and 54.3(a), in an amount sufficient to make a more
21 profound example of Defendants and encourage owners, lessors, and
22 operators of other public facilities from willful disregard of the
23 rights of persons with disabilities. Plaintiffs do not know the
24 financial worth of Defendants, or the amount of damages sufficient
25 to accomplish the public purposes of section 52(a) of the
26 California Civil Code and section 54.3 of the California Civil
27 Code.
28

1 38. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages and relief as
2 hereinafter stated.

3 PLAINTIFF THEODORE A. PINNOCK'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL
4 DEFENDANTS- Negligence as to Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK only

5 39. Based on the facts plead at ¶¶ 6-16 above and elsewhere in
6 this complaint, Defendants owed Plaintiff Theodore A. Pinnock a
7 statutory duty to make their facility accessible and owed
8 Plaintiff Theodore A. Pinnock a duty to keep Plaintiff Theodore A.
9 Pinnock reasonably safe from known dangers and risks of harm.
10 This said duty arises by virtue of legal duties proscribed by
11 various federal and state statutes including, but not limited to,
12 ADA, ADAAG, Civil Code 51, 52, 54, 54.1 and Title 24 of the
13 California Administrative Code and applicable 1982 Uniform
14 Building Code standards as amended.

15 40. Title III of the ADA mandates removal of architectural
16 barriers and prohibits disability discrimination. As well,
17 Defendants' facility, and other goods, services, and/or facilities
18 provided to the public by Defendants are not accessible to and
19 usable by persons with disabilities as required by Health and
20 Safety Code § 19955 which requires private entities to make their
21 facility accessible before and after remodeling, and to remove
22 architectural barriers.

23 41. Therefore, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct in
24 that they failed to comply with known duties under the ADA, ADAAG,
25 Civil Code 51, 52, 54, 54.1, 54.3, ADAAG, and Title 24, and knew
26 or should have known that their acts of nonfeasance would cause
27 Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK emotional, bodily and personal
28

1 injury. Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK alleges that there was
2 bodily injury in this matter because when Plaintiff THEODORE A.
3 PINNOCK attempted to enter, use, and exit Defendants'
4 establishment, Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK experienced pain in
5 his legs, back, arms, shoulders, and wrists. Plaintiffs further
6 allege that such conduct was done in reckless disregard of the
7 probability of said conduct causing Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK
8 to suffer bodily or personal injury, anger, embarrassment,
9 depression, anxiety, mortification, humiliation, distress, and
10 fear of physical injury. Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK, An
11 Individual, alleges that such conduct caused THEODORE A. PINNOCK,
12 An Individual, to suffer the injuries of mental and emotional
13 distress, including, but not limited to, anger, embarrassment,
14 depression, anxiety, mortification, humiliation, distress, and
15 fear of physical injury. Plaintiff THEODORE A. PINNOCK, An
16 Individual, additionally alleges that such conduct caused THEODORE
17 A. PINNOCK, An Individual, to suffer damages as a result of these
18 injuries.

19
20 42. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages and relief as
21 hereinafter stated.

22 DEMAND FOR JUDGMENT FOR RELIEF:

- 23 A. For general damages pursuant to Cal. Civil Code §§ 52, 54.3,
24 3281, and 3333;
25 B. For \$4,000 in damages pursuant to Cal. Civil Code § 52 for
26 each and every offense of Civil Code § 51, Title 24 of the
27 California Building Code, ADA, and ADA Accessibility Guidelines;
28 C. In the alternative to the damages pursuant to Cal. Civil

1 Code § 52 in Paragraph B above, for \$1,000 in damages pursuant to
2 Cal. Civil Code § 54.3 for each and every offense of Civil Code §
3 54.1, Title 24 of the California Building Code, ADA, and ADA
4 Accessibility Guidelines;

5 D. For injunctive relief pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12188(a) and
6 Cal. Civil Code § 55. Plaintiffs request this Court enjoin
7 Defendants to remove all architectural barriers in, at, or on
8 their facilities related to the following: Space Allowance and
9 Reach Ranges, Accessible Route, Protruding Objects, Ground and
10 Floor Surfaces, Parking and Passenger Loading Zones, Curb Ramps,
11 Ramps, Stairs, Elevators, Platform Lifts (Wheelchair Lifts),
12 Windows, Doors, Entrances, Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers,
13 Water Closets, Toilet Stalls, Urinals, Lavatories and Mirrors,
14 Sinks, Storage, Handrails, Grab Bars, and Controls and Operating
15 Mechanisms, Alarms, Detectable Warnings, Signage, and Telephones.

16 E. For attorneys' fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988, 42 U.S.C.
17 § 12205, and Cal. Civil Code § 55;

18 F. For treble damages pursuant to Cal. Civil Code §§ 52(a),
19 and 54.3(a);


20 G. A Jury Trial and;

21 H. For such other further relief as the court deems proper.

22 Respectfully submitted:

23 PINNOCK & WAKEFIELD, A.P.C.

24 Dated: June 10, 2004

25 BY: 
26 MICHELLE L. WAKEFIELD, ESQ.
27 DAVID C. WAKEFIELD, ESQ.
28 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE SECOND PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I (a) PLAINTIFFS
MANTIC ASHANTI'S CAUSE, SUIING ON BEHALF OF
THEODORE A. PINNOCK AND ITS MEMBERS; And
THEODORE A. PINNOCK, An Individual

DEFENDANTS PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT/LA CAI MI GIA
a.k.a. MI LA CAI-PHO TAU BAY RESTAURANT; DO HONEY
LE; TINA HAI LE LAFOR PARTNERSHIP, L.P.; AFJR
PARTNERSHIP A GENERAL PARTNERSHIP; And DOES 1
THROUGH 10, Inclusive

FILED
JUN 11 2004
CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF San Diego
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT San Diego
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED

(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER)
Michelle L. Wakefield, Esq. SBN: 200424
David C. Wakefield, Esq. SBN: 185736
Pinnock & Wakefield, A.P.C.; 3033 Fifth Avenue, Suite 410
San Diego, CA 92103
Telephone: (619) 858-3671; Facsimile: (619) 858-3646

ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)

'04 CV 1185 K (JFS)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
- 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
- 2 U.S. Government Defendant
- 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT)

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Citizen of This State <input type="checkbox"/> Citizen of Another State <input type="checkbox"/> Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | PT DEF <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Foreign Nation | PT DEF <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |
|---|--|---|

IV. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE US CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE. DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY).

42 U.S.C. Sections 12101-12102, 12181-12183, and 12201, Et. Seq.

V. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

| CONTRACT | TORTS | FORFEITURE/PENALTY | BANKRUPTCY | OTHER STATUTES | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> Marine <input type="checkbox"/> Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veterans Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders Suits <input type="checkbox"/> Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability | PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury | <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury-Medical Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability | <input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure Of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 RFR & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other LABOR <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act | <input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (13958) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS - Third Party 26 USC 7609 | <input type="checkbox"/> 480 State Reappointment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State <input type="checkbox"/> 990 Other Statutory Actions |
| REAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Tort to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property | CIVIL RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights | PRISONER PETITIONS <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Habeas Corpus <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prisoner Conditions | | | |

VI. ORIGIN (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 Original Proceeding
- 2 Removal from State Court
- 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
- 4 Reinstated or Reopened
- 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
- 6 Multidistrict Litigation
- 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER f.r.c.p. 23

DEMAND \$

To Be Determined At Trial

Check YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: YES NO

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See Instructions):

JUDGE

Docket Number

DATE June 10, 2004

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

Michelle Wakefield

104480 150⁰⁰ JF 6/14/04